

1. Posłuchaj i wybierz właściwe odpowiedzi.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 Peter went to the airport | a) by taxi b) in his car |
| 2 Peter arrived in Berlin at | a) 2 pm b) 5 pm |
| 3 Peter walked around Berlin for | a) an hour b) a few hours |
| 4 Peter asked some people in a about the hotel. | a) café b) restaurant |
| 5 On Saturday evening, Peter | a) visited an art gallery b) met some friends |

2. Wybierz właściwe wyrazy.

- 1 We have to **go / set** off very early tomorrow.
- 2 When are they going to **come / have** back home from their holiday?
- 3 I'd like to **buy / send** a guidebook about Venice, please.
- 4 I'm so tired. I'd like to **get / come** off the train already.
- 5 We usually **plan / set** our trips very carefully.
- 6 What time are we going to **come / arrive** in Paris?
- 7 OK, let's **go / get** on the train. It's going to leave in a few minutes.

3. Dopasuj przymiotniki z ramki A do ekstremalnych przymiotników z ramki B.

A

- 1 frightening
- 2 small
- 3 cold
- 4 good
- 5 bad
- 6 big
- 7 happy
- 8 hot

B

- a) amazing
- b) enormous
- c) delighted
- d) boiling
- e) tiny
- f) terrifying
- g) awful
- h) freezing

1 ____ 2 ____ 3 ____ 4 ____

5 ____ 6 ____ 7 ____ 8 ____

4. Wybierz prawidłowe odpowiedzi.

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| 1 Ihere since I was born. | a) lived b) have lived |
| 2 He..... to France last year. | a) went b) has been |
| 3 Shethe USA before. | a) never visited b) has never visited |
| 4 Theythese photos many years ago. | a) have taken b) took |
| 5 Youher for a long time now. | a) haven't seen b) didn't see |
| 6 Wemuch when I was a child. | a) haven't travelled b) didn't travel |

5. Uzupełnij zdania czasownikami w past simple lub present perfect.

- 1 David lives next door. He(be) my neighbour for three years.
- 2 I(meet) them on holiday two years ago.
- 3 Oh, no! We're too late. We(miss) our train.
- 4 I(not visit) any museums yesterday.
- 5 My friend is in Scotland. I(not see) him for two weeks.

- 6 They(not be) at home last week.
 7 It's her first ride. She(not ride) a camel before.
 8 He(buy) the plane tickets an hour ago.

6. Użyj wyrazów w nawiasach, aby utworzyć pytania w past simple lub present perfect.

- 1(you / ever / travel) on a ship?
 2 (Mr Black / take) them to the castle yesterday?
 3(she / visit) this town before?
 4 Where(John's friends/ be) yesterday afternoon?
 5 Are you staying in Scotland now? How long(you / be) there?
 6 What..... (they / do) last weekend?

7. Wybierz właściwe odpowiedzi.

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| 1 I tookphotos on the trip. | a) a little b) much c) a lot of |
| 2 I haven't spent everything. I still havemoney left. | a) many b) a little c) a few |
| 3 We have invitedfriends round for the weekend. | a) any b) some c) much |
| 4 I'm afraid there aren'tbuses at night. | a) some b) much c) any |
| 5 How..... time are we going to spend shopping? | a) much b) many c) a lot of |
| 6 We visitedinteresting places last summer. | a) any b) a few c) a little |

8. Przeczytaj tekst i wybierz właściwe odpowiedzi.

A dangerous journey

Captain James Cook was an English explorer, navigator and map-maker. He became famous as the captain of the first European ship to visit the east coast of Australia. He was also the first European to reach the Hawaiian Islands and to sail around New Zealand. Cook was born in 1728 in the north-east of England. When he was 16, his father sent him to work in a shop. But he did not really enjoy selling things, so at the age of 18, he decided to become a sailor and began working on board local ships. He also studied navigation, map-making and astronomy which he needed to become a captain in the future. In 1755, he got an offer to be the captain of a merchant ship, but decided to join the Navy. Two years later, he passed his exams and left Trinity House, Deptford, which meant that he was now able to work as a navigator in the Royal Navy. In 1763 and 1764, Cook sailed to North America and made the first maps of the coastline of Newfoundland, which is now part of Canada. However, Cook's most famous voyage was made between 1768 and 1771, when he sailed around the world. His ship left England on the 26th of August, 1768, and sailed south-west across the Atlantic and round Cape Horn in South America. Then it sailed across the Pacific Ocean and reached New Zealand on the 6th of October, 1769. Cook and his crew were only the second group of Europeans to visit the country. Cook made some maps of the New Zealand coastline and then sailed west to the south-east coast of Australia. Cook and his crew were the first Europeans ever to reach Australia's eastern coastline. They landed at the place which is now called Botany Bay. Cook's sailors gave the place this name because there were so many amazing plants and flowers there. Cook and his men finally returned to England on the 12th of July, 1771, almost three years after they set off on their incredible journey.

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|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|
| 1 James Cook was most famous as a ... | a) map-maker | b) navigator | c) captain |
| 2 Cook didn't stay in his job in the shop because.... | a) his father did not want it | | |
| | b) he didn't like it | c) he had to join the Navy | |
| 3 Cook finished his study at Trinity House in ... | a) 1755 | b) 1756 | c) 1757 |
| 4 In the years 1768–1769, Cook and his crew sailed | a) from England to New Zealand | | |
| | b) round North America | c) across three oceans | |
| 5 Cook and his men were the first Europeans to | a) reach New Zealand | | |
| | b) get to the east coast of Australia | c) sail round Cape Horn | |