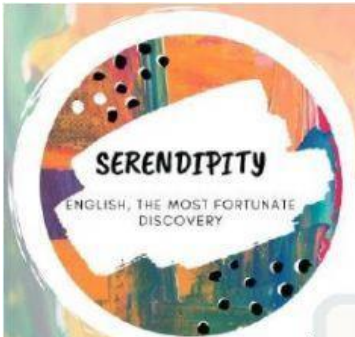




Hello!

Welcome to Opportunities for Serendipity English Course!

WHAT'S THE
WEATHER LIKE?



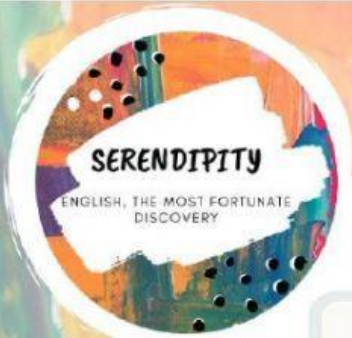
.....

Sun and the city.

1. Vocabulary & Listening

a. Look at the photo and answer the questions.





1. What city is it?
2. What monument can you see?
3. What's the weather like?
4. Do you think it's typical weather there?

b. Weather.



What's the weather like today?

c. Seasons.



☐ spring

☐ summer

☐ autumn

☐ winter

What season is it where you are?

d. Dates.

March 8th = the eighth of March / March the eighth

ORDINAL NUMBERS



We normally add a TH to the end of a cardinal number to make it an ordinal number. Be careful of the spelling exceptions below:

1 st first	11 th eleventh	21 st twenty-first
2 nd second	12 th twelfth	22 nd twenty-second
3 rd third	13 th thirteenth	23 rd twenty-third
4 th fourth	14 th fourteenth	24 th twenty-fourth
5 th fifth	15 th fifteenth	25 th twenty-fifth
6 th sixth	16 th sixteenth	26 th twenty-sixth
7 th seventh	17 th seventeenth	27 th twenty-seventh
8 th eighth	18 th eighteenth	28 th twenty-eighth
9 th ninth	19 th nineteenth	29 th twenty-ninth
10 th tenth	20 th twentieth	30 th thirtieth
		31 st thirty-first
		40 th fortieth
		41 st forty-first
		50 th fiftieth
		51 st fifty-first

USES OF ORDINAL NUMBERS

DATES: Her birthday is on the **29th**.

CENTURIES: Shakespeare was born in the **16th** century.

SEQUENCE/ORDER: My team came **second** in the league.

FLOORS OF A BUILDING: His office is on the **tenth** floor.



Writing and saying the date

We write

12th March

22/1

We say

the twelfth of March

the twenty-second of January

Prepositions with years, months, and dates

Use **in** + years, e.g. The Rio Olympics are **in** 2016.

Use **in** + months, e.g. My birthday's **in** February.

Use **on** + dates, e.g. The meeting is **on** Friday 5th September.

Saying years

1807 eighteen oh seven

1936 nineteen thirty-six

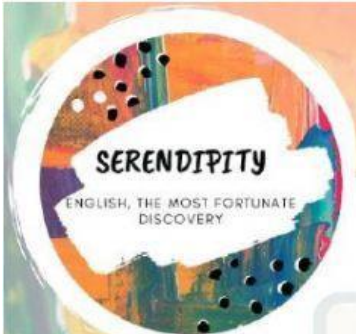
2008 two thousand and eight (for years 2000–2010)

2011 two thousand and eleven OR twenty eleven

What's the date today?

What's the date tomorrow?

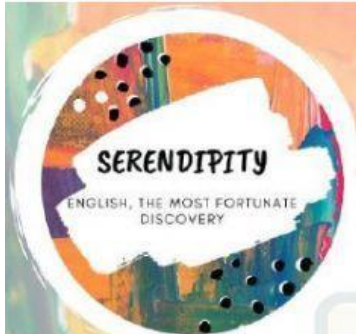
What year is it?



e. Listen to a travel guide talking about the weather in London. Mark the sentences True (T) or False (F).



1. It's often very hot or very cold. ☐
2. The normal temperature in the summer is 32°C. ☐
3. It often snows in the winter. ☐
4. In spring and autumn the weather changes a lot. ☐
5. It's often grey and foggy in London. ☐



2. Reading & Speaking

- a. Read the article about things to do in London; [What to do in London...](#)
b. Answer with SH (Somerset House), SK (South Kensington) or HH (Hampstead Heath).

Where can you...?

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | ☐ | learn to do something new |
| 2 | ☐ ☐ | eat outside |
| 3 | ☐ | have a fantastic view |
| 4 | ☐ | see beautiful old clothes |
| 5 | ☐ ☐ | do some exercise |
| 6 | ☐ | have fun after 9p.m. |
| 7 | ☐ | see some animals that don't exist today |
| 8 | ☐ | see a famous character from a book |

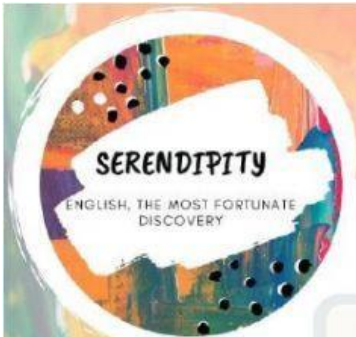
Which of the places would you prefer to go? Why?

Where is a good place to go in your town when it's very cold?

Where is a good place to go in your town when it's raining?

Where is a good place to go in your town when the sun is shining?

What can you do in these places?



3. Grammar: present simple or present continuous

a. Listen. Jack and his Swedish girlfriend Ingrid are on the London eye. What places can they see?

b. Complete the conversation. Put the verbs into the present simple or present continuous.

I Come on, let's stand over there.

J It We up. Look, that's St Paul's Cathedral.

I Where? Oh yes, I can see it. Is that Buckingham Palace?

J Yes, and the Queen's at home.

I How do you know?

J Because the flag It only when she's at home.

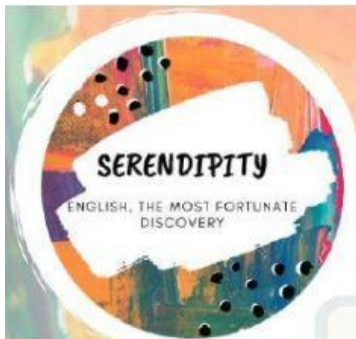
I I think it to rain. Oh, yes look, it

J It always when we're sightseeing!

I We down now. I the view of the river with Big Ben and the Houses of Parliament.

J Me too. Go and stand there. I to take a photo.

I Quick, the door Let 's go.



c. Present simple vs Present Continuous.

	Present simple	Present Continuous
Form	It always rains . My sister works in a bank. What do you usually wear to work?	Look, it's raining ! Today she's working at home. What are you wearing now?
Use	We use the present simple to say what we usually do, or things that are normally true. We use the present simple with adverbs and expressions of frequency, e.g. always, often, once a week, etc.	We use the present continuous to say what is happening now. We use the present continuous with at the moment, now, today, this week, etc.