



Unit:.....

Oral Exam:.....Written Exam:.....

Name:.....Course:.....Date:.....

Millennials in the workplace

Background

Millennials (those born between the early 1980s and the early 1990s) make up a huge part of our workforce but they seem to lack loyalty to the companies and the leaders they work for. Multinational companies are noticing larger turnover rates of millennials as employee retention rates fall. This report looks at the findings of two large-scale surveys on the mindset of the millennial generation and explores how organisations can strive to address these needs, increase employee engagement and encourage retention.

Research

In a global survey conducted by PricewaterhouseCoopers (PwC), more than 40,000 millennial (born between 1983 and 1993) and non-millennial responses were collected on the topics of workplace culture, communication and working styles, pay structure, career development, work-life balance, etc.

In a separate global survey conducted by Deloitte, more than 10,000 millennials participated in a study about their perceptions of the threats and opportunities in the complex world of work.

Key findings

- Millennials are as committed to their work as their more senior colleagues.
- Millennials value interesting work and a good work-life balance. They do not believe that excessive work demands are worth sacrifices in their personal lives.
- Millennials want flexibility in their working hours and are willing to give up pay increases and promotions for a flexible working schedule. They believe that success should be measured by productivity and not by the number of hours they are seen in an office.
- Millennials want to feel supported and appreciated by their company and their superiors.
- Millennials want more opportunities to develop their skills. These include technological skills, teamwork and interpersonal skills.
- Millennials believe that businesses and business leaders should contribute to the improvement of society and they are more likely to be loyal to a company with strong ethics.

Recommendations

Organisations and managers wanting to retain millennials should consider:

- monitoring their workload and satisfaction levels with their work-life balance
- creating a flexible work culture where employees have more control over their working hours and their work location

- providing meaningful work and interesting opportunities
- offering help and support in continuing professional development
- changing the organisation's goals from being mainly about profit-making to motives that address social concerns and solve wider societal problems.

Choose the correct answer.

The report is based on the findings of how many surveys?

- a. Two
- b. six
- c. forty thousand
- d. fifty thousand

This report was done for organisations that want to ...

- a. get rid of millennial employees.
- b. have higher turnover rates.
- c. prove that millennials are more difficult than non-millennials.
- d. increase the job satisfaction of the millennials who are working for them.

According to the report, which of the following would millennials be happy to do?

- a. give up family time on weekends to finish a work project
- b. sacrifice pay so that they can work shorter hours
- c. be left to find their own developmental opportunities
- d. be committed to their companies' profit-making motives

According to the report, which of the following would promote millennials' loyalty to their company?

- a. better pay structures
- b. more opportunities for promotion
- c. a more regular working schedule
- d. the company's commitment to the greater good of society

According to the report, millennials believe that it is important to ...

- a. be appreciated for the work you do.
- b. measure your productivity.
- c. show your bosses how long you are working in the office.
- d. work for a company that is bringing in a lot of money.

If managers want to keep their millennial employees happy, they should ...

- a. avoid giving them feedback on the work they're doing.
- b. give them options to work from home.
- c. have them develop the technological skills of the non-millennials.
- d. promote the importance of remaining loyal to the company.

Are the sentences true or false?

1. This report is based on surveys that only questioned people born between 1983 and 1994.
2. The surveys were conducted in several different countries.
3. Millennials are less loyal to their companies than non-millennials.
4. Millennials believe that their technological skills are sufficiently advanced.
5. Managers should be aware of how happy their staff are with the amount of work they have been given.
6. Managers should worry about their own work-life balance and not concern themselves with problems in society.

Vocabulary

Complete the words with the suffixes -y, -ees, -ful, -hood, -al, -ness, -let, -less.

1. Your party was the most (success)party I had ever been to.
2. The doctor said that her (ill).....was a result of overwork.
3. There were so many (rain)days that we spent a lot of time watching T.V
4. My children have all received a (music)education.
5. Ingrid spent her (child)in Sweden.
6. I was glad to have the small (book)that describes the courses.
7. None of my (employ)went on strike because they are satisfied with their working conditions.
8. You should get your poor mother prepared...It's (hope)

Work

Complete each sentence with one of the words below.

business job living work

- a) Jack makes hisworking as a journalist.
- b) She has just left to go to, I'm afraid.
- c) They worked very hard and now have their own
- d) There are still nearly two million people without
- e) The cost ofhas risen greatly over recent years.
- f) Stop interfering! This is none of your

Choose the best (most logical) response to complete each of the following sentences.

1. This job is too(*stressed-out/stressful*).
2. There's a lot of work, but I can(*deal/handle*) it.
3. I was(*hired/heard*) last month.
4. They(*fired/failed*) two of my co-workers, and I'm afraid I might be next.

5. I work(at/in) sales.

6. The company has a reputation for treating their(employees/employed) well.

Grammar

-ing forms and infinitives

Put the verb into either the gerund (-ing) or the infinitive (with 'to'):

- 1) I don't fancy..... (go) out tonight.
- 2) She avoided.....(tell) him about her plans.
- 3) I would like (come) to the party with you.
- 4) He enjoys (have) a bath in the evening.
- 5) She kept (talk) during the film.
- 6) I am learning (speak) English.
- 7) Do you mind (give) me a hand?
- 8) She helped me (carry) my suitcases.
- 9) I've finished (cook) - come and eat!
- 10) He decided(study) biology.
- 11) I dislike (wait).
- 12) He asked (come) with us.

Writing

You are going to write an article for a competition. Write between 140-190 words.

We want to know about someone in your city who has an interesting job.

Send your article to us and we'll post the best one on our website.

Write 140-190 words.

