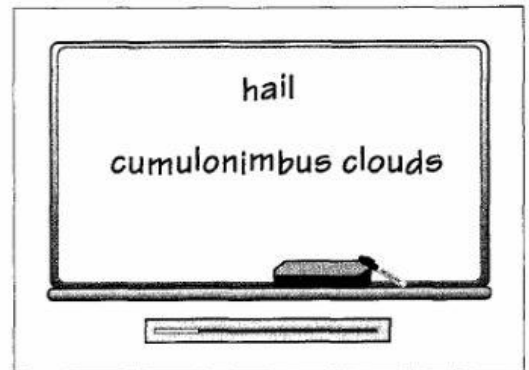
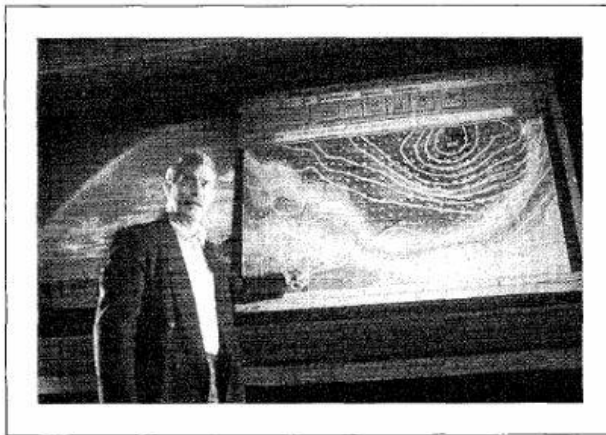


▶ Listen to a discussion in a meteorology class. 🎧

METEOROLOGY



Notes:

Now get ready to answer some questions about the discussion. You may use your notes to help you.

- 29 of 34 According to the professor, which of the following are most often damaged by hail?

Choose two answers.

- ☐ Rides at amusement parks
- ☐ Cars and other vehicles
- ☐ Farmers' crops
- ☐ Buildings

- 30 of 34 According to the professor, which of these methods of preventing damage from hail was used most recently?

- ☐ Banging on pots and pans
- ☐ Dancing
- ☐ Shooting hail cannons
- ☐ Ringing bells

▶ Listen again to part of the discussion. Then answer the question.

- 31 of 34 What does the professor mean when he says this? 🎧
- ☐ He doesn't understand the student's question and wants her to clarify it.
 - ☐ He's unsure, but doesn't think it happens often.
 - ☐ He doesn't think there is any way to know the answer.
 - ☐ He doesn't think the question makes sense.

- 32 of 34 Why does the professor compare a hailstone to an onion?
- ☐ Because of its size
- ☐ Because of its structure
- ☐ Because of its color
- ☐ Because of its weight
- 33 of 34 At what time of year are hailstorms most common?
- ☐ In the spring
- ☐ In the summer
- ☐ In the fall
- ☐ In the winter
- 34 of 34 In this lecture, the professor describes the process by which hail is formed. Indicate whether each of the following is a step in that process.
- Put a check mark (✓) in the proper box for each phrase.

	Yes	No
Hailstones become so heavy that they fall to the ground.		
Water droplets are lifted into the cold region of a thundercloud and freeze.		
Tornado clouds circulate ice crystals inside of thunderclouds.		
Droplets are lifted into the cloud again and again, adding more ice.		
A mass of fast-moving warm air hits a slower-moving mass of cold air.		

This is the end of the Listening Section of Practice Test 1. You may take a ten-minute break before beginning work on the Speaking Section.