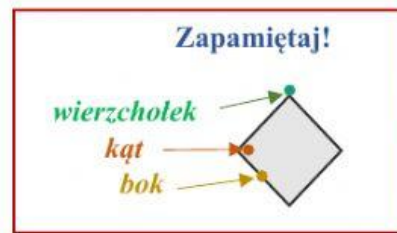


2 KLASA POWTÓRZENIE

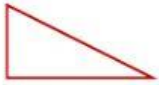


1. Odpowiedz na pytania.

Ile kątów ma  ?

Ile wierzchołków ma  ?

Ile boków ma  ?

Ile kątów ma  ?

1. Zaznacz kąty proste.



2. Oblicz.

$5 \cdot 5 = \square$

$20 : 4 = \square$

$5 \cdot 9 = \square$

$36 : 4 = \square$

$4 \cdot 7 = \square$

$3 \cdot 4 = \square$

$32 : 4 = \square$

$9 \cdot 3 = \square$

$40 : 5 = \square$

$6 \cdot 5 = \square$

$3 \cdot 8 = \square$

$21 : 3 = \square$

$6 \cdot 4 = \square$

$24 : 4 = \square$

$9 \cdot 0 = \square$

3. Oblicz wartości wyrażeń.

$3 \cdot 4 : 2 = \square$

$4 \cdot 9 \cdot 0 = \square$

$54 - 36 : 4 = \square$

$4 \cdot 6 : 3 = \square$

$8 \cdot 5 : 4 = \square$

$25 + 5 \cdot 5 = \square$

