

Words connected with *health and illness*

1 Choose the correct word.

- You should **bandage** / **hurt** / **ache** your finger and go to see a doctor.
- It's normal to get **blood** / **bones** / **colds**, especially in the winter.
- Did the doctor give you a/an **infection** / **operation** / **prescription**?
- Danny keeps **injuring** / **coughing** / **cutting** – I think he should take the day off school.
- Claire's got a **knee** / **ankle** / **pain** in her arm.
- When you have **flu** / **skin** / **medicine**, you need to rest for a few days, so that your body gets better.

Phrasal verbs

2 Complete the phrasal verbs in bold using the words in the box.

down (× 3) | on | out | over | up (× 2)

- I feel terrible. I think I'm **coming** _____ with flu.
- Steve doesn't **feel** _____ to going to school today.
- Janine was so hungry that she nearly **passed** _____.
- A trip to the beach will soon **cheer** you _____!
- The vet had to **put** the old dog _____.
- It's only a cold – you'll soon **get** _____ it.
- Having too much homework **gets** me _____, sometimes.
- I need to work out because I think I've **put** _____ a couple of kilos.

Collocations with *have, take, make and do*

3 Complete the collocations with *have, take, make or do*.

- _____ your homework
- _____ a headache
- _____ a mistake
- _____ your teeth
- _____ an operation
- _____ fun of someone
- _____ care of someone
- _____ up your mind

4 Two of the answers in each sentence are correct. Cross out the wrong answer.

- I **do** / **take** / **make** some exercise every day.
- You should make **an effort** / **an operation** / **your bed**.
- I'm going to **do** / **have** / **take** a shower.
- You need to **make** / **take** / **do** a decision about the future.
- Do you **have** / **make** / **take** any medicine for your cold?
- Derek needs to have **an effort** / **a bath** / **surgery**.

Unit round-up

5 Choose the best answer (A, B or C) to fill each gap.

When should I call the doctor?

We all suffer from (1) _____ and pains sometimes, but how do we know if it's serious enough to call the doctor? Well, if you (2) _____ down with a cold or flu, you should be careful. Drink lots of water and (3) _____ a cool bath if you have a fever. You should eat, but not too much. If it's bad, a day or two in bed might be a good idea, but you should get (4) _____ it by day three. Call the doctor if it continues or if you can't stop (5) _____. You should also call the doctor if you think you are going to (6) _____ out. These could be signs that you have a/an (7) _____, which can be serious if you don't do anything about it. In that case, you might need to (8) _____ medicine.

- | | | |
|------------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1 A bones | B hurts | C aches |
| 2 A make | B come | C put |
| 3 A do | B have | C make |
| 4 A over | B off | C out |
| 5 A coughing | B cutting | C injuring |
| 6 A come | B get | C pass |
| 7 A prescription | B infection | C operation |
| 8 A take | B make | C do |