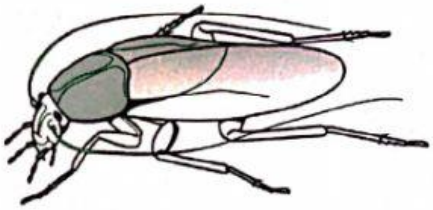
# GERAK KERJA 23

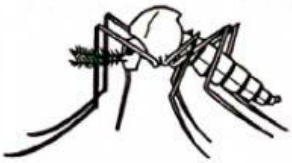
Tarikh: Masa:

## Penyakit Berjangkit dan Penyakit Tidak Berjangkit

(a) Rajah di bawah menunjukkan dua vektor P dan Q, yang membawa penyakit yang berbeza.
*The diagram below show two vectors, P and Q, which carry two different diseases.*



P



Q

Berdasarkan rajah di atas, lengkapkan jadual di bawah berkenaan dengan vektor P dan vektor Q.
*Based on the above diagram, complete the table below about vector P and vector Q.* SP4.1.2, SP4.1.3 TP2

| Aspek<br>*Aspect* | P | Q |
|---|---|---|
| Nama vektor<br>*Name of the vector* | Lipas<br>*Cockroach* | Anopheles betina<br>*Female Anopheles* |
| Nama patogen yang dibawa oleh vektor<br>*Name of the pathogen carried by the vector* | (i) | *Plasmodium malariae* |
| Penyakit yang disebabkan oleh patogen<br>*Disease caused by the pathogen* | Kepialu<br>*Typhoid* | (ii) |

[2 *markah*/2 *marks*]

(b) Isi tempat kosong dengan jawapan yang betul. SP4.1.2, SP4.1.3 TP1
*Fill in the blanks with the correct answer.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| bakteria<br>*bacteria* | sentuhan secara langsung<br>*direct contact* | kulat<br>*fungi* | makanan<br>*food* |

(i) Sesetengah penyakit seperti AIDS dan hepatitis B tersebar melalui _____ seperti aktiviti seks, berkongsi jarum, pemindahan darah dan daripada ibu kepada anak semasa proses kelahiran.

*Some diseases such as AIDS and hepatitis B spread through _____ such as sexual activities, sharing of needles, blood transfusion and from mother to baby during delivery.*

(ii) Patogen bagi penyakit sifilis dan gonorea ialah _____.

*The pathogen of syphilis and gonorrhoea is _____.*

[2 *markah*/2 *marks*]



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