

L. e. s. s. o. n. 03.	Beautiful Differences	Grammar
과거시제/부가의문문	1학년 반 번 이름	

1. Be동사의 과거형: ...있었다, ...이었다'

① **am, is:** was

I _____ at home yesterday.

② **are:** were

The children _____ hungry.

2. 일반동사의 과거형

◆ 일반동사의 과거형			
규칙형	동사원형 + -ed	help-helped	play-played
	-e로 끝나는 동사 + -d	like-liked	move-moved
	'자음+y'로 끝나면 y를 i로 바꾸고 -ed	try-tried	study-studied
	'단모음+단자음'으로 끝나면 단자음 반복 후 -ed	drop-dropped	plan-planned
불규칙형	come-came go-went see-saw say-said make-made have-had		

◆ 부정문: 주어 + did not[didn't] + 동사원형

I *did not have* breakfast yesterday.

He *didn't* come here.

◆ 의문문: Did + 주어 + 동사원형 ... ?

- Yes, 주어 + did. / No, 주어 + didn't.

Did you see him there? - Yes, I *did*/ No, I *didn't*.

3. 과거 시제의 부정문

(1) Be동사의 부정문

[I, She, He, It] was not / wasn't

I _____ hungry.

[You, We, They] were not / weren't

Sumi and Mike _____ tired.

(2) 일반동사의 부정문

did not / didn't + 동사원형

I _____ have breakfast yesterday.

(3) Wh- 의문문

Wh 의문사+ **was [were]+ 주어~ ?**

Why _____ everyone so happy?

Wh 의문사 + **did+ 주어+ 동사원형~ ?**

Whom _____ you meet at the park?

4. 과거 시제의 의문문

(1) yes-no 의문문 (be동사)

Was / Were + 주어 ~ ?

_____ your mom angry at you?

_____ you at home yesterday?

(2) yes-no 의문문 (일반동사)

Did+ 주어 + 동사원형~ ?

Q. _____ you see him there?

A. Yes, I _____ / No, I _____

5. 다음 문장을 과거시제로 바꾸어 써 봅시다.

1) Nick studies Chinese every Friday.

→ _____ last Friday.

2) Nick helps his Mom every Sunday.

→ _____ last Sunday.

3) My mom bakes cookies on Wednesdays.

→ _____ last Wednesday.

4) My sister hugs her cat every morning.

→ _____ yesterday morning.

2. 부가의문문: 문장 끝에 덧붙인 의문문

쓰임: 상대방에게 사실을 확인할 때 사용(뜻: '그렇지?'/ ' 그렇지 않니?')

e.g. Nick is smart, isn't he?

- ◆ 부가의문문의 쓰임: 평서문의 끝에 덧붙인 의문문으로 상대방에게 사실을 확인할 때 사용한다.
- ◆ 앞 문장에 be동사나 조동사가 있으면 be동사나 조동사를, 일반동사가 있으면 'do/does/did'를 쓴다.
She is kind, _____ she?
You can swim, _____ you?
She knows the answer, _____ she?
She liked it, _____ she?
- ◆ 문장의 주어를 대명사로 바꿔 쓴다.
Bella is kind to others, isn't _____?
Tom walks to school, doesn't _____?
Your parents love you, don't _____ ?
- ◆ 긍정문의 부가의문문은 부정으로 쓴다.
Steve is smart, _____ he?
You play soccer every day, _____ you?
- ◆ 부정문의 부가의문문은 긍정으로 쓴다.
It is not yours, _____ it?
He doesn't like apples, _____ he?
- ◆ 명령문의 부가의문문은 'will you?'로 쓴다.
Go to the store for me, will you?
Open the door, _____ ?
Don't do that, _____ ?

A 다음 문장에 맞는 부가의문문을 써 봅시다.

- Jenny is very beautiful, _____?
- He was angry, _____?
- She went to Canada, _____?
- You don't eat fish, _____?
- She isn't very old, _____?

B 주어진 단어를 알맞게 고쳐 써서 Joey와 Lucy에게 있었던 일을 완성한 다음, 물음에 답해 봅시다.

I _____(wake) up very late yesterday. So I _____(not, have) breakfast. And I _____(run) to the bus stop. But something _____(be) wrong. You know what? It _____(be) Saturday! There _____(be) no school!



Joey

Last Saturday, I _____(go) to the mall with my mom. We _____(watch) a sad movie together. My mom _____(cry) a lot. She _____(love) the movie so much.



Lucy

- Did Joey wake up early yesterday? - _____
- Did Joey walk to the bus stop yesterday? - _____
- Where did Lucy go last Saturday? - _____
- What did Lucy do at the mall? - _____
- Who cried a lot during the movie? - _____
- Did Lucy's mom love the movie? - _____